ENGLISH EXAM CENTER E-YDS

DENEME SINAVI

**1. - 6. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.**

# Since 1966, the design of the Toyota Corolla has never been flashy, but its fuel efficiency and have made it the top seller of all time

**with 37.5 million sold so far.**

* 1. fluency B) flexibility

C) affordability D) immorality

E) inadequacy

# The factors that the cost of owning and

**operating a motorcycle are largely the same as those for a car: make and model, year, your location, your driving record and the amount of insurance coverage that you purchase.**

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* 1. determine B) hinder

C) divide D) imitate

E) cultivate

# As a solution, an government was set up

**for the period before the country’s first free election.**

* 1. exterior B) awkward

C) endemic D) interim

E) inaccessible

# While writing an essay, you have to argue a position and present your case to support

**that position so that the reader is convinced by your arguments.**

* 1. accidentally B) aimlessly

C) unwillingly D) indefinitely

E) persuasively

# You might not be able to afford everything you want when building a home, but you can afford a lot of it as long as you remember to do most of your installations while the construction is still ----.

* 1. on purpose B) in progress

C) in time D) on demand

E) on the rise

# Audiences are increasingly fed up about improper situations in the theatre, so they especially cannot disruptive behavior

**there.**

* 1. put up with B) take off

C) set off D) bring about

E) hand down

**7. - 16. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.**

1. **According to a report from Ward's Auto ----**

**recently, the global number of cars 1.015**

**billion in 2010.**

* 1. was released / exceeded
  2. being released / might exceed
  3. has released / exceeded
  4. had been released / would be exceeding
  5. released / exceeded

**English Exam Center**

Meşrutiyet Caddesi No:19 Kat:1 Kızılay / ANKARA Tel: (312) 417 69 10

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**1**

1. **In April, Apple iPhone warranty policies in**

**its second-biggest market, China, after its after-sales service more for about two**

**weeks of condemnation by the state-run media.**

* 1. has altered / has suffered
  2. had altered / might have suffered
  3. altered / suffered
  4. was to alter / could suffer
  5. had to alter / was suffering

# Buying a house gives you the opportunity to choose a unique and distinct architectural style and to personalize it, this freedom

**comes with the responsibility of keeping up with maintenance and repairs.**

* 1. yet B) whatever

C) as D) therefore

E) how

1. **a long coastline adorn with palm trees,**

**beautiful nature and lively boulevards, Mersin generously represents all the riches the**

**Mediterranean.**

* 1. Of / in B) At / on

C) With / of D) For / against

E) On / over

1. **Food waste is one of the most significant contributors the global carbon footprint,**

**especially established nations where the**

**supply is more plentiful.**

* 1. from / of B) within / at

C) of / over D) to / in

E) against / towards

# gasoline produces very little profit at a gas

**station, express oil change businesses make very little money on the oil change.**

* 1. As far as B) Just as

C) Now that D) Even though

E) Unless

# James McWhinney has been a professional writer for nearly two decades, and he has worked for many of the nation's top mutual fund providers and banks numerous

**magazines, websites and other publications**.

* 1. as a result B) like

C) no matter D) as well as

E) whereby

1. **do LEDs use roughly 80% less energy**

**than incandescent bulbs, they can last up**

**to 50,000 hours.**

* 1. Both / and B) Not / but

C) Not only / but D) Hardly / when

E) Only if / then

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# increasing environmental awareness

**continues to drive down the level of carbon emissions produced by established economies, CO2 remains a significant threat to the world's long-term prosperity.**

* 1. Since B) In that

C) As long as D) As

E) While

1. **When making the decision either to rent or buy a place to live, there are two broad categories of factors that must be considered:**

**---- and most obvious category represents the financial aspects of your decision; is a set**

**of personal and emotional factors.**

* 1. the more / the more
  2. the same / as
  3. the former / the latter
  4. the furthest / the best
  5. no sooner / than

**17. - 21. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada**

**numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**22. - 26. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada**

**numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.**

When you are not at home, use the energy saver option on your air conditioner **(17)** turning it

off. The energy saver will keep your house at a cool temperature. If you turn off your air conditioner, the temperature in your house will rise, and when you turn the unit back on it will need to work harder to cool your house down again, **(18)----** your electric bill in turn. **(19) ,** if

your air conditioner has been used for a long time, it is likely that it is not as energy efficient as some of the newer models **(20)** shelves today.

If money allows, it may be wise to upgrade your air conditioning unit **(21)** next summer arrives.

Education costs in the U.S. continue to rise at a much higher rate than inflation. Private and prestigious universities **(22)** at least $50,000

per year for tuition, and public universities cost nearly **(23)** for students that don't qualify as

out-of-staters. The cost of heading overseas

**(24)** a four-year university can be a much cheaper alternative. Coupled **(25)** depressed

currencies in Europe, it may make sense to consider heading there for an education. Study abroad programs could also be worth it and make housing and food costs **(26)** lower than

stateside.

A) rather than B) while

C) so that D) despite

E) after

# 22.

A) would charge B) can charge

C) charged D) charging

E) have to charge

A) rises B) to rise

C) will rise D) rising

E) has risen

**23.**

A) as much B) the most

C) many more D) such

E) so few

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A) However B) Therefore

C) Additionally D) Since

E) In contrast

A) off B) under

C) in D) at

E) on

**24.**

# 25.

A) attended B) to be attending

C) to have attended D) to attend

E) having attended

A) on B) in

C) with D) off

E) at

A) after B) prior to

C) before D) in advance

E) meanwhile

**26.**

A) consecutively B) courageously

C) compliantly D) considerably

E) considerately

**27. - 36. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.**

1. **Currently experiencing a boom in housing construction, ----.**
   1. demand for its office space and the number of commuters to the city has increased
   2. Boston's economic outlook is increasingly optimistic
   3. there are still approximately 1.5 million people scrambling for a parking spot every day
   4. this artificially limits the supply, and it is the surest way to increase prices
   5. there may be no choice but to pay the prices

# , they are certainly becoming few and far

**between.**

* 1. While the life of a working mother can be stressful
  2. While there are still some families that are able to survive on one income
  3. Since a major source of stress for some working mothers is that they have to rely heavily on the assistance of a nanny
  4. That the mother often stays at home, raises the children, cooks and does cleaning for the family
  5. Just as many mothers today work to help support their families

# There are methods of offsetting the carbon emissions that you produce, ----.

* 1. because national and local governments throughout the world engage in tree planting
  2. so an estimated 4 billion trees are cut down and used in the global paper industry
  3. but people are not aware of the possibilities of utilizing it
  4. although the global paper consumption alone has grown by more than 400% over the last 40 years
  5. and the planting of trees is considered as one of the most effective

# Citizens in the U.S. have certainly reduced the amount they spend on food over the course of the last five decades, ----.

* 1. but this increase also has much to do with the improved knowledge of the modern day consumer
  2. which ensures that consumers do not know where to go in order to search the very best value for their money
  3. thanks largely to improved agricultural productivity and the wider range of choices that have been made available to them
  4. although consumers are employing a wider range of effective money-saving techniques
  5. which means that they still have not developed an understanding of the market

1. **While many pharmacological advances help some rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients, ----.**

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* 1. patients with RA receive positive benefits in both the short and long- term using cognitive behavioral techniques
  2. we probably need to identify and target those patients with unresolved stress or trauma
  3. there isn't any interest in psychosocial interventions for RA because of this
  4. residual pain and disability is common
  5. many patients try new medications due to their being cost-effective

# Algae is a primitive form of life which is generally found in water, ----.

* 1. so blue-green algae can grow at high temperatures
  2. although brown algae is the largest in size and is the most recognizable
  3. but can also be seen elsewhere, growing on such surfaces as rocks or trees
  4. and this is a microscopic type of algae, consisting of only one cell
  5. although it has an essential role in the formation of coral reefs

# The human heart is divided into four chambers, ----.

* 1. even though it provides the power needed for life like a pumping machine
  2. so modern technology has removed much of the mystery
  3. yet in an average lifetime, the heart beats more than two and a half billion times
  4. each of which serves its own function in the cycle of pumping blood
  5. so there is no need to discover the complexities of its development and structure

# Britain’s private medical industry has

**overcharged patients by more than £500 million over the past three years ----.**

* 1. just as the French medical industry has provided people with health care service free of charge
  2. because of a lack of competition between hospitals
  3. that all the people complained about this situation
  4. since the government took a number of drastic measures
  5. despite the willingness of the people who were treated

# , but things have changed and corn is now

**not only used to prepare formula but also to produce kitchenware.**

* 1. Women are typically more careful about what they eat, especially if they have a baby
  2. Some people prefer to consume natural and organic foods
  3. This trend is reflected not only in food items but also kitchenware as well
  4. Corn is one of the most popular ingredients used to prepare baby formula
  5. Many people are surprised when they see plates made of corn starch or cups made of bamboo plants

# In an effort to boost sales and consumer confidence in its product, ----.

* 1. General Motors offered for a limited time, a return program on its vehicles
  2. it seems like there are some consumer myths that just don't want to die
  3. consumers are at a great disadvantage when they don't know the facts
  4. a common misconception is that stores must offer you a refund
  5. each store, retailer, manufacturer and merchant can have a different return policy and different policies on different types of merchandise

**37. - 42. sorularda, verilen İngilizce**

**cümlenin Türkçesini, Türkçe cümlenin İngilizcesini bulunuz.**

# The discovery, announced at a recent meeting of the American Astronomical Society, provides important support for scientists who believe that planetary systems, and life, are common in our galaxy.

* 1. Amerikan Gökbilimciler Topluluğu’nun en son toplantısı, galaksimizde gezegen sistemleri ve hayatın yaygın olduğuna inanan biliminsanları için önemli destek sunmaktadır.
  2. Amerikan Gökbilimciler Topluluğu son toplantısında galaksimizde gezegen

sistemleri ve hayatın yaygın olduğuna inanan biliminsanları için önemli destek sunan bir keşfin olduğunu duyurdu.

* 1. Amerikan Gökbilimciler Topluluğu bir toplantısında galaksimizde gezegen

sistemleri ve hayatın yaygın olduğuna inanan biliminsanları için önemli destek sunan bir kanıtın olduğunu duyurdu.

* 1. Amerikan Gökbilimciler Topluluğu’nun yakın zamandaki bir toplantısında duyurulan keşif, galaksimizde gezegen sistemleri ve hayatın yaygın olduğuna inanan biliminsanları için önemli destek sağlıyor.

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* 1. Amerikan Gökbilimciler Topluluğu’nun en son toplantısında duyurulan keşif, galaksimizde gezegen sistemleri ve hayatın yaygın olduğuna inanan biliminsanları için önemli kanıtlar sunmaktadır.

# Linguists suggest that certain stages in language development are reached in a fixed sequence and at a constant age, but there are children who start speaking late and who, eventually, become very intelligent.

* 1. Dil gelişiminde belli safhalara belli bir sırayla ve belli yaşlarda ulaşıldığı düşünülür ancak konuşmaya geç başlayan ve sonunda çok zeki olan çocuklar vardır.
  2. Dilbilimciler, dil gelişiminde belli safhalara belli bir sırayla ya da belli yaşlarda

ulaşıldığını düşünürler ancak konuşmaya geç başlayıp daha zeki olan çocuklar da vardır.

* 1. Dilbilimcilere göre, dil gelişiminde belli safhalara belli bir sırayla ve belli yaşlarda ulaşılır ancak konuşmaya geç başlayan ve sonunda çok zeki olan çocuklar vardır.
  2. Çoğu dilbilimci, dil gelişiminde belli aşamalara belli bir sırayla ulaşıldığını ortaya atar ancak konuşmaya geç başlayan ve sonunda çok zeki olan çocuklar da vardır.
  3. Dilbilimciler, dil gelişiminde belli safhalara belli bir sırayla ve belli bir yaşta ulaşıldığını ileri sürerler ancak konuşmaya geç başlayan ve sonunda çok zeki olan çocuklar vardır.

# One of the side-effects of mothers leaving the kitchen in favour of more interesting, sociable and better paid work is that their children are not being fed properly.

* 1. Annelerin mutfağı, daha ilginç, daha sosyal ve daha iyi maaşlı bir iş uğruna

bırakmalarının yan etkisi çocuklarının yeterli beslenemiyor olmasıdır.

* 1. Eğer anneler mutfağı, daha ilginç, daha sosyal ve daha iyi maaşlı bir iş uğruna bırakırsa, bunun yan etkilerinden biri çocuklarının düzgün beslenememesi olacaktır.
  2. Mutfağı, daha ilginç, daha sosyal ve daha iyi maaşlı bir iş uğruna bırakan annelerin başına gelen en kötü şey çocuklarının düzgün beslenememesidir.
  3. Mutfağı, ilginç, sosyal ve iyi maaşlı bir iş için terkeden annelerin yaşadığı en büyük yan etki çocuklarının düzgün beslenemiyor olmasıdır.
  4. Annelerin mutfağı, daha ilginç, daha sosyal ve daha iyi maaşlı bir iş uğruna

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bırakmalarının yan etkilerinden birisi çocuklarının düzgün beslenemiyor olmasıdır.

# Günümüzdeki en kullanışlı icatların bazıları ilham anlarından kaynaklanmıştır ve düşük

**teknoloji ve basit materyaller kullanan amatör bilim insanları tarafından geliştirilmiştir.**

* 1. The most useful inventions in modern times have been created at the moments of inspiration and put into use by notable scientists who used simple materials and low technology.
  2. Several of the most helpful inventions in modern times are the results of inspirations, developed by certain scientists with simple materials and rather low technology.
  3. Some of the most useful inventions in modern times have resulted from moments of inspiration and have been developed by amateur scientists using simple materials and low technology.
  4. Most of the most useful inventions in modern times result from moments of inspiration and are developed by amateur scientists using simple materials and low technology.
  5. Some of the most useful inventions resulting from moments of inspiration have been developed by scientists using simple materials and low technology.

# Birleşik Devletler'de son zamanlarda yapılan bir araştırma orada ortalama ailenin evcil

**hayvanlarına, çocuklarından daha fazla para harcadığını gösterdi.**

* 1. According to a recent survey completed in the United States, the average family there spent more money on its pets than on its children.
  2. In the United States, a survey was carried out recently and it showed that the average family there spent as much money on its pets as on its children.
  3. The average family in the United States spends more money on its pets than on its children, as a recent survey reveals.
  4. A recent survey carried out in the United States showed that the average family there spends much more money on its pets than on its children.
  5. A survey that was carried out in the United States clearly showed that the average family there spent more money on its pets than on its children.

# Tüketici sağlığı açısından cevap açık görünmektedir ama katkı maddelerinin

**kullanımını sonlandırmanın geniş kapsamlı sonuçları olacaktır.**

* 1. Consumers think that the answer is obvious, however ending the use of additives will have far-reaching effects.
  2. According to public health officials, the answer appears obvious, but ending the use of additives will have far-reaching effects.
  3. As for consumers, the answer is obvious, however ending the use of additives will have far-reaching effects.
  4. As public health is concerned, the answer appears clear and ending the use of additives will have outstanding positive effects.
  5. In terms of public health, the answer appears obvious, but ending the use of additives will have far-reaching effects.

**43. - 46. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The ability to speak a second language isn’t the only thing that distinguishes bilingual people from their monolingual counterparts - their brains work differently, too. Research has shown, for instance, that children who know two languages more easily solve problems that involve misleading cues. A new study reveals that knowledge of a second language - even one learned in adolescence - affects how people read in their native tongue. The findings suggest that after learning a second language, people never look at words the same way again. The most important implication of the study is that even when a person is reading in his or her native language, there is an influence of knowledge of the non-dominant second language. Thus, becoming bilingual changes one of people’s most automatic skills. It goes without saying that people who speak two languages process certain words faster than others.

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# It is clearly stated in the passage that ----.

* 1. children’s brains process words more quickly than adolescents
  2. children should be taught a second language at an early age when the acquisition of a language comparably is easier
  3. children who speak a second language do well in social interactions
  4. monolingual children fall behind their bilingual counterparts in solving challenging problems
  5. children should be encouraged to learn a second language to cope with life’s hardships

# According to the passage, one’s approach to words completely changes ----.

* 1. once the mastery of another language other than one’s own materializes
  2. if language learning starts at school age
  3. as more progress is made in understanding the intricacies of their own native tongue
  4. when a vast vocabulary is amassed in any language
  5. after having been given the opportunity to compare the lexicon of other languages with his or her own

# It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

* 1. people who can speak two languages compare favourably with others in terms of processing some words
  2. the knowledge of a second language puts people in a unique position where they stand out in most of the automatic skills
  3. people who are bilingual are also good at managing auditory information
  4. multilingual people can deal with the challenges that loom up in front of them with almost no difference from monolinguals
  5. monolingual children easily catch up with their bilingual peers in due course of time

# It is concluded in the passage that one of the most significant possible future effects or results of the study is that ----.

* 1. children who master a foreign language lead a happy life in their older years
  2. irrespective of age, language learning would be all to the good and stave off dementia later in life
  3. bilingual people reading in their mother tongue may draw on the knowledge of their second language
  4. multilingual people have a knack of solving every kind of problems before them easily as opposed to monolingual counterparts
  5. adolescence is the period of life when one can learn a second language most effectively

**47. - 50. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

The bacterium that causes the most cases of food poisoning in the U.S. could someday be responsible for much of the country’s transportation fuel. Researchers have used the tools of synthetic biology to manipulate the genes of E.coli, a common gut bacterium, so that it can chew up vegetation to produce diesel and other hydrocarbons. E.coli is popular in genetic engineering because it is deeply studied and quite hardy, able to tolerate genetic changes well, says chemical engineer Jay Keasling of the University of California. Researchers have already modified E.coli to make medicines and chemicals, and now Keasling and his colleagues have turned the organisms into biodiesel factories. The scientists first genetically modified E.coli to consume sugar and secrete

engine-grade biodiesel, which can float to the top of a fermentation tank — no need for distilling, purifying or breaking cells open to get the oil out, as is the case for making biodiesel from algae.

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# It is stated in the passage that E.coli can be genetically modified ----.

* 1. to boost its efficiency in making sugar that is perfect for creating hydrocarbons desperately needed in industry
  2. to break down sugar, and can then convert it into engine-ready biodiesel fuel
  3. to make it commercially viable but it takes a lot of time and effort to get a large-scale production process ready
  4. to produce enough fuel to meet all of the U.S.’s transportation needs and the world at large
  5. to make shorter-chain hydrocarbons such as gasoline, of which the U.S. alone burns billions of liters a year

# As it is pointed out in the passage, ----.

* 1. Keasling and his colleagues claim to turn all of the bacteria that live in human intestines into biodiesel producing factories
  2. researchers are close to coming up with a genetically modified bacterium that can prevent food poisoning in the U.S
  3. such genetically engineered bacteria as E.coli can be the answer to all humanity’s worries
  4. E.coli’s ability to bear with changing genetic conditions is a reason that makes it genetic engineers’ favourite
  5. E.coli churns out biodiesel and other hydrocarbons by only breaking down plants into pieces

# According to the passage, ----.

* 1. E. coli grows faster than yeast, which makes it indispensable to scientists who are after a cheap source of biodiesel fuel
  2. Keasling is not alone in his regard for E. coli as a fuel maker; several companies are pursuing commercial production from the hardy microbe
  3. genetic changes have always posed problems for researchers that are engaged in the search for biodiesel out of microorganisms and algae
  4. biodiesel fuel can be obtained through algae, but it is a lengthy process when compared with genetically engineered E.coli
  5. Keasling and his co-workers have not just turned E.coli into an endless biodiesel source but also into medicines and chemicals

# It is clearly stated in the passage that engine-ready biodiesel fuel ----.

* 1. will be commercially produced in large quantities in the near future
  2. that exists in nature could one day replace other sources of energy
  3. that the altered cells of some microorganisms secrete is fit for human consumption
  4. can also be generated through the manipulation of the genes of some other microbes
  5. produced by genetically modified E.coli can accumulate on the top of a fermentation tank

**51. - 54. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In recent decades, the Nordic region has emerged as a key source of innovative energy and climate solutions. The region is a leader in clean energy technologies, sustainable transportation and climate change research. With 25 million inhabitants, the Nordic region is one of the world’s most competitive one. Its member nations of Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden consistently rank at or near the top of international measures of good governance, affluence, competitiveness, research and education investment, and international aid. In addition, energy and climate issues frequently top the agenda of Nordic governments, who have set a number of ambitious national targets in the area. The Nordic nations are well aware of the intertwined challenges of energy and climate **—** sensitive Arctic areas in the region could face significant impacts from further climate changes. Some of these impacts have global implications, such as sea level rise caused by the potential melting of the Greenland ice sheet.

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# It is understood from the passage that countries in the Nordic region ----.

* 1. have expertise in geothermal power and carbon capture and storage
  2. are at the forefront of second generation bioenergy
  3. are trying very hard to be more successful than other countries or businesses in the world
  4. have set ambitious long term targets for research funding and market stimulation
  5. have one of the most integrated international electricity grids in the world

# According to the passage, ----.

* 1. the Nordic countries are fully conscious that the issues of energy and climate, inextricably bound up with each other, may pose problems
  2. the Nordic governments came to the fore as providers of support for large scale-energy projects
  3. the Nordic region could only take the full brunt of global climate change
  4. sea level rise resulting from global warming might badly affect the Nordic region, particularly Greenland
  5. the Arctic areas in the Nordic region have rich clean energy resources waiting to be tapped into

# It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

* 1. with 25 million inhabitants, the Nordic region is the most populous in the world
  2. by international measures, climate change research in Denmark and Finland is not any better than in the rest of the Nordic region
  3. compared to the other countries of the Nordic region, Norway and Sweden are two of the most competitive ones
  4. the countries of the Nordic region enjoy a high level of affluence by modern standards
  5. Iceland among Nordic governments boasts the highest level of good governance

# One can understand from the passage that when it comes to environmentally friendly energy technologies, ----.

* 1. the Nordic countries put aside more funds than do other European nations
  2. the five Nordic nations have a

long-established joint fund that has no match in the world

* 1. Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden have covered a lot of ground to be the best in Europe
  2. the Nordic region countries stand out among the other countries of the world
  3. the Nordic governments are doing their best to catch up with those of some other countries

**55. - 58. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

For nearly 10,000 years -since the dawn of civilization and Holocene era- our world seemed unimaginably large. Vast frontiers of land and ocean offered infinite sources. Humans could pollute freely, and they could avoid any local repercussions simply by moving elsewhere.

People built entire empires and economic systems on their ability to exploit what seemed to be inexhaustible riches, never realizing that the privilege would come to an end. But thanks to advances in public health, the industrial revolution and later green revolution, population has surged from about one billion in 1800 to nearly seven billion today. In the past 50 years alone, our numbers have more than doubled.

Fueled by affluence, our use of resources has also reached staggering levels; in 50 years, the global consumption of food and freshwater has more than tripled, and fossil-fuel use has risen fourfold. This wanton growth has also expanded pollution from a local problem to a global assault.

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# As one can conclude from the passage, ----.

* 1. scientists and policy makers are seeking ways to avoid the most devastating consequences the Earth is facing
  2. the sudden acceleration of population growth, resource consumption and environmental damage has become a global problem
  3. decisive actions can keep the environmental damage within safe bounds
  4. although climate change gets ample attention, species loss and nitrogen pollution exceed safe limits by greater degrees
  5. allowing environmental processes to exceed certain limits could have serious repercussions, but it is always possible to reverse the trend

# According to the passage, the number of people living in the world ----.

* 1. will steadily continue to rise unless steps are taken to curb it
  2. fifty years ago was a quarter that of people living today
  3. is on the increase partly because of a fair distribution of wealth
  4. more than doubles every 50 years
  5. has nearly risen sevenfold in the last two centuries

# It is inferred from the passage that ----.

* 1. switching to low-carbon energy sources will save the planet
  2. Earth’s habitability has been under threat since the industrial revolution
  3. there is a change for the worse in the Earth’s condition
  4. an endless supply of natural resources will make life on Earth sustainable
  5. humanity from the very beginning has been environmentally conscious

# The point has been made in the passage that, whenever people in a certain area realized that they would face dire consequences due to the harm they did to the environment, ----.

* 1. they always found a way to deal with them
  2. they left it for a while to allow it to recover
  3. they sought outside help
  4. they just went away to live in another place
  5. they took action to stop the damage

**59. - 62. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

In most areas of medicine, doctors have historically tried to glean something about the underlying cause of a patient’s illness before figuring out a treatment that addresses the source of the problem. When it came to mental or behavioral disorders in the past, however, no physical cause was detectable so the problem was long assumed by doctors to be solely “mental”, and psychological therapies followed suit. Today scientific approaches based on modern biology, neuroscience and genomics are replacing nearly a century of purely psychological theories, yielding new approaches to the treatment of mental illnesses. Mental illnesses previously defined as “mental” are now recognized to have a biological cause: in autism, for example, it is an abnormality in the connections between neurons, often attributable to genetic mutations; schizophrenia is now viewed and treated as a developmental brain disorder. Yet the public and even clinicians have had difficulty accepting that certain other mental disorders such as depression, obsessive- compulsive disorder (OCD) or post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) could also be physiological disorders of the brain.

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# It is obvious from the passage that what causes a disease ----.

* 1. is an area of study that is still in its early stages, especially in mental illnesses
  2. is not so important as finding a cure for it
  3. is significant particularly for the treatment of degenerative illnesses
  4. has always been something that physicians have sought to find out in the majority of the areas in medicine
  5. can be sorted out easily and effectively in all areas of medicine to bring real and lasting relief to millions of people

# It is clear from the passage that ----.

* 1. certain psychiatric disorders are now believed to be physiological disorders of the brain
  2. many a mental illness results from purely psychological processes which make them hard to cure
  3. people with mental disorders can be treated effectively if the psychological cause of the illness is known
  4. treatment of mental illnesses should be tailored to the needs of each patient
  5. some mental disorders such as autism and schizophrenia are thought to stem from psychological processes

# We learn from the passage that some mental illnesses ----.

* 1. such as autism and post-traumatic stress disorder affect a small number of people in developed countries
  2. such as depression display a conspicuous brain damage
  3. like depression or obsessive-compulsive disorder definitely have a physiological cause
  4. have long been studied as abnormalities in the connections between distant areas of the brain
  5. have been ascribable to changes in the genetic structure, as is the case with schizophrenia

# It can be concluded from the passage that ----.

* 1. neuroscience alone will reveal the malfunctioning connections underlying psychological disorders
  2. new scientific methods are forcing psychiatrists to rethink the causes of mental illnesses
  3. nearly a century ago, physiological causes were thought to underlie many mental disorders
  4. from the scientific standpoint, further research is required to establish the cause of autism
  5. for brain disorders, a better understanding of the psychological malfunctions will likely lead to more curative treatments

**63. - 67. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.**

1. Interviewer:

# Can you tell us a little about your level of fluency and proficiency in the languages you can speak?

Martin:

# Well, Russian is probably my best language. I speak it pretty well because I spent a lot of time in that country, but it's a little rusty. The other languages are mainly Latin-based; Spanish, Portuguese, Italian, but also French and Polish.

Interviewer:

**– ----**

Martin:

# That's right. In different ways like going to classes, travel, private study.

* 1. Is there any little word of encouragement you could offer those poor souls who are trying to master a language?
  2. Will you do some interesting things, like memory training for your education?
  3. Would you say it's easier to learn new languages if you already know languages in that family?
  4. In my opinion, you’ve learned the languages through a combination of techniques, haven’t you?
  5. Did your lecturers use any magic secrets while learning?

1. Watson:

# Can you tell me who killed Mr. Makepeace?

Holmes:

# Can't you guess?

Watson:

**– ----**

Holmes:

# No, Watson, of course it wasn't. Yes, she had knocked on his door but only to want the money he owed her.

* 1. Oh yes, I hadn't thought about that.
  2. It's true that he was the man who loved Mrs. Makepeace but he knew that she didn't love him.
  3. So, can it be Mr. Grant, the man who always shared their table in the evenings?
  4. Well, I feel quite sure now that it was his brother.
  5. Well, I think it was probably the woman who was staying in his next room.

1. Bob:

# I was reading about a possible link between earthquakes and tropical cyclones the other day.

Jane:

# I remember reading something like that and there was a striking example that I can’t remember right now.

Bob:

**– ----**

Jane:

# Yes, that was exactly what I was trying to call up.

* 1. Are you talking about the 2010 M-7 earthquake in Haiti occurring one-and-a-half years after two hurricanes and two tropical storms drenched the island nation?
  2. Those kinds of examples are not always supposed to be reflecting the truth.
  3. This earthquake-triggering mechanism is only viable on inclined faults, where the rupture by these faults has a significant vertical movement.

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* 1. The reduced load unclamp the faults, which can promote an earthquake.
  2. If you do not remember, that means you have not read it thoroughly.

1. Kemal:

# It is sad to see that a mosque and a Hindu site were attacked by a firebomb a couple of days ago in New York.

Ryan:

**– ----**

Kemal:

# Oh! I did not know that. That makes it even worse!

Ryan:

# Yes, unfortunately it does. People fear that the situation will escalate even more in the future.

* 1. At least, the silver lining is that the perpetrators were arrested by the law enforcement agencies right after the attack.
  2. Exactly, and I heard that there were around 75 people inside those buildings at the time of the attack.
  3. You should look at the brighter side. Nobody inside the buildings was injured.
  4. I’m completely with you on this. The good news is, though, the attacks were much more frequent in the past.
  5. You are right. However, these are all local incidents, and none of them is likely to incite nationwide attacks.

1. Holly:

**– ----**

Wallace:

# Let me see! You should stay home today, and try not to work on the computer. Working for a long time on that thing has obviously played havoc with your health.

Holly:

# I can’t stop it. I think I’m addicted to the Internet.

Wallace:

# If you want to keep yourself in good shape, you'd better quit surfing the net deep into the night.

* 1. Did you check out the latest first-person shooter game released last week?
  2. Since its introduction, the Internet has seen an unbelievable rate of progress. Don’t you think?
  3. Do you want to see how effective working with computers could be in your business?
  4. I think you should be more careful with what to eat after this operation.

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* 1. I guess I’m running a temperature. My head is spinning, mouth feels like cotton, and I have a scratchy throat.

1. **- 71. sorularda, verilen cümleye**

**anlamca en yakın olan cümleyi bulunuz.**

# A new study reveals that the combination of aggression and continued television viewing leads to poor academic standings as well as unpopularity.

* 1. The results of a new study show that poor academic achievement and being unsocial are two of the causes for being aggressive and long hours of television viewing.
  2. Many people suffer from poor academic results and being unpopular in spite of being aggressive and watching too much television.
  3. When aggression and watching television too much come together, the results are academic failure and being unpopular, according to a new study.
  4. Due to academic failure and being not popular among friends, people become aggressive and spend long hours in front of television, according to a new study.
  5. A new study combines aggressive behaviors and too much television viewing to find the reasons for academic failure and unpopularity

# With the dissolution of the Soviet Union there has been an enormous resurgence of interest in Russia's pre-Soviet past, as well as a great deal of debate and reconsideration of the Soviet era itself.

* 1. With the rethinking of its past and current position, Russia’s glamorous history could be debated and reconsidered for the shaping of new world order.
  2. Russia with its glorious history and geopolitics location would doubtlessly have attracted a great deal of interest among the countries after having been broken up.
  3. After the breakup of the Soviet Union, not only the past of Russia but also arguments and review of its epoch have attracted a great deal of attention.
  4. A great amount of disagreement has come around between the predecessors of Soviet Union and pre-Soviet past as to its history and the enormous interest occurring in different nations.
  5. As soon as Soviet Union had broken down, a good amount of debates and interest in its pre-Soviet past and its current position took attention of the insurgents.

# While teachers are in charge of teaching and making students learn basic skills and information, they should also teach how to deal with sophisticated problems in various areas in a conscious manner.

* 1. It is teacher’s duty to teach students and make them learn basic skills and information essential for life, but, on the other hand the responsibility to make the students more aware of many areas in which sophisticated problem solving aspects are needed shouldn’t be ignored.
  2. Students need individual skills and information for their life and teachers should do their best to make them ready but at the same time complex problem solving skills needed in many subject areas should be included in the curriculum.
  3. The responsibility to educate children is crucial as it includes making students learn isolated skills and information as well as the sophisticated ones that are crucial for many areas in life.
  4. Whether the curriculum includes the complex problem solving necessary for many subject areas or teaching isolated skills and information to students, it is the teacher’s duty to handle them in an effective way.
  5. Although teachers are responsible not only for teaching but also having students learn individual skills and information, the students are also expected to be taught how to consciously solve complicated problems in an array of fields.

# We all know that caffeine and nicotine stimulate and should be avoided for at least three hours before bedtime, but there are other kinds of stimulants just as hazardous to a good night's sleep.

* 1. All we know about caffeine and nicotine is

that they don’t let us go into sleep easily so shouldn’t be taken at least three hours before going to bed, but meanwhile there are others as dangerous as these two agents.

* 1. When caffeine and nicotine are taken together at least three hours before bedtime, they could be as dangerous as other stimulants and affect a good night’s sleep, which is well established.
  2. Any stimulant including caffeine and nicotine shouldn’t be taken at least three hours before going to bed as they are as dangerous as any other component that is recommended to be avoided.
  3. It is a well known fact that both caffeine and nicotine are stimulants and therefore it is advisable to stop taking in these at least three hours before going to bed, however

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these two aren’t the only dangerous ones to have adverse effects on a good night’s sleep.

* 1. As caffeine and nicotine are stimulants and have adverse effects on people’s sleep, these components ought to be avoided before going to bed, yet there are much more dangerous substances with a negative impact on people.

**72. - 75. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere,**

**parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.**

# When it comes to purchasing a new car, the warranty may not be one of the first things on the buyer's mind, but it should be. While all cars have a manufacturer's warranty, not all auto manufacturer warranties are created equal , but things happen; transmissions

**fails, motors die, and if these parts are not covered under a manufacturer's warranty, the car buyer is the one that will be footing the bill. Therefore, before you buy your next car, it is wise to research which car manufacturers offer the most generous warranties.**

* 1. One of the most generous auto manufacturer warranties available is offered by Hyundai
  2. When purchasing a new car, we all want and believe that our car is going to have a long healthy life
  3. In addition, they offer a 10-year, 100,000- mile power train warranty, and a seven-year corrosion warranty with an unlimited amount of miles
  4. Another auto manufacturer that offers a solid manufacturer warranty is Kia, which offers a five-year, 60,000-mile limited basic warranty
  5. Kia largely matches Hyundai and Mitsubishi's highly praised manufacturer warranties in all areas except for the 60,000-mile limitation on the roadside assistance

# The ‘Out of Africa’ theory holds that *homo*

***sapiens* burst onto the scene as a new species around 150,000 to 200,000 years ago in Africa and subsequently replaced archaic humans such as the Neandertals. The other hypothesis, known as multi-regional evolution or regional continuity, posits far more ancient and diverse roots for our kind. Proponents of this view believe that *homo sapiens* arose in Africa some 2 million years ago and evolved as a single species spread across the Old World, with populations in different regions linked through genetic and cultural exchange.**

* 1. Out of Africa, which was originally developed based on fossil evidence, and supported by much genetic research, has been favored by the majority of evolution scholars.
  2. The early modern specimens from Central Europe display Neandertal traits, and the early modern Australians showed affinities to archaic *Homo* from Indonesia.
  3. Fossils remain very much a part of the human origins debate.
  4. There are two main hypotheses when it comes to explaining the emergence of modern humans.
  5. A means of gathering theoretical evidence is through bones.

# The concept of chemical element is related to that of chemical substance This number

**is known as the atomic number of the element. For example, all atoms with 6 protons in their nuclei are atoms of the chemical element carbon, and all atoms with 92 protons in their nuclei are atoms of the element uranium. However, several isotopes of an element, which differ from one another in the number of neutrons present in the nucleus, may exist.**

* 1. The most convenient presentation of the chemical elements is in the periodic table of the chemical elements.
  2. A chemical element is characterized by a particular number of protons in the nuclei of its atoms.
  3. Lists of the elements by name, by symbol, and by atomic number are also available.
  4. Most of the substances we encounter in our daily life are some kind of mixture; for example: air, alloys, biomass, etc.
  5. Due to its ingenious arrangement, groups, or columns, and periods, or rows, of elements in the table share several chemical properties.

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# People who take the illegal drug called ecstasy report feelings of great happiness or well-being while they’re high, but those same people may be finding it hard to breathe when they sleep And a new study found that

**regular users of ecstasy are more likely to suffer from sleep apnea than people who had never touched the drug.**

* 1. Sleep apnea can cause a wide variety of other problems, including headaches, drowsiness and low energy.
  2. When a person stops breathing while sleeping and has to gasp for air, that’s called sleep apnea.
  3. For mild sleep apnea, the scientists found almost no difference between the groups.
  4. The more ecstasy that people had taken, the more likely they were to have serious sleep apnea.
  5. Sleep apnea occurs when the muscles in the throat become too relaxed and block the airway.

1. **(I)** No one knows the limits of population that the earth can support. **(II)** Thomas Malthus, an English economist, developed a theory that became widely accepted in the nineteenth century. **(III)** He suggested that because world population tended to increase more rapidly than the food supply, a continual strain was exerted upon available resources. **(IV)** Most experts agree that it will be necessary to combine all three recommendations in an effort to effect a lasting solution. **(V)** Malthus cited wars, famine, epidemics, and other disasters as the usual limitations of population growth.

**76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla**

**okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.**

* 1. I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

1. **(I)** By the fourteenth century, alchemy had developed two distinct groups of practitioners – the laboratory alchemist and the literary alchemist. **(II)** The earliest authentic works on European alchemy are those of the English monk Roger Bacon and the German philosopher St. Albertus Magnus. **(III)** In their treatises they maintained that gold was the perfect metal and that inferior metals such as lead and mercury were removed by various degrees of imperfection from gold. **(IV)** They further asserted that these base metals could be transmuted to gold by blending them with a substance even more perfect than gold. **(V)** This elusive substance was referred to as the "philosopher's stone."
   1. I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
2. **(I)** There are several problems in accurately determining what bald eagles eat. **(II)** The best approach is to observe them and identify the prey they capture, but this is often difficult**. (III)** Most studies use an indirect method for determining their dietary habits. **(IV)** An eagle that has been eating a particular item will likely continue foraging for it as long as it remains available. **(V)** The bald eagle’s diet can be reconstructed either by examining food remains at the nest and feeding perches or by analyzing regurgitated pellets, which contain the undigested portions of the food.
   1. I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
3. **(I)** There were around two and a half hours between the time the Titanic rammed into the iceberg and its final submersion. **(II)** In this time 705 people were loaded into the twenty lifeboats and there were 473 empty seats available on lifeboats while over 1,500 people drowned. **(III)** These figures raise two important issues, one of which is why there were not enough lifeboats to seat every passenger and crew member on board. **(IV**) And secondly, why the lifeboats were not full.**(V)** As with the lack of coordination of the wireless messages, it was simply standard operating procedure at the time.
   1. I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
4. **(I)** People infected with tuberculosis are difficult to treat because the bacteria can lie dormant in the body. **(II)** Headache, like backache, is one of the commonest types of pain with which mankind is afflicted. **(III)** It may arise under a diversity of circumstances. **(IV)** A blow to the head causes pain, and after a severe head injury with concussion, headaches may continue for weeks or months. **(V)** The coverings of the brain, or meninges, are sensitive structures and, when inflamed, as in cases of meningitis, or irritated headache may be a prominent feature.

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* 1. I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

**TEST BİTTİ.**

**LÜTFEN CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.**